University Physics 1A

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Oscillation Experiment

$$F_{by \ spring} = -kx$$

$$-kx = F = ma = m \frac{d^2x}{dt^2}$$

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} = \frac{m}{m} \frac{d^2x}{dt^2}$$

$$= -\frac{kx}{m}$$

Assume $x(t) = A\cos(\omega t + \phi)$:

$$x(t) = A\cos(\omega t + \phi)$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -\omega A\sin(\omega t + \phi)$$

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} = -\omega^2 A\cos(\omega t + \phi)$$

$$\frac{?}{=} -\frac{k}{m}A\cos(\omega t + \phi)$$

$$\omega^2 = \frac{k}{m}$$

$$\omega = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}}$$

A is the maximum value of x. ω is the angular frequency.

$$2\pi = \omega T$$
$$T = \frac{2\pi}{\omega}$$

You can find all my notes at http://omgimanerd.tech/notes. If you have any questions, comments, or concerns, please contact me at alvin@omgimanerd.tech