

# Multivariable and Vector Calculus

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## Line Integral

$$\int_C f \, ds = \int_a^b f|v'(t)| \, dt$$
$$\int_C \vec{F} \, ds = \int_C (\vec{F} \cdot \vec{T}) \, ds = \int_a^b \vec{F} \cdot v'(t) \, dt$$

Find the work done against gravity by a 160 pound man going 3 revolutions up a silo  $r = 20, h = 90$ , losing 9 pounds out of 25 pounds of paint as it leaks from the bucket he is carrying up the silo.

$$r(t) = \left\langle 20 \cos(t), 20 \sin(t), \frac{15t}{\pi} \right\rangle$$
$$\vec{F} = \left\langle 0, 0, -185 + \frac{9t}{6\pi} \right\rangle$$
$$W = \int_C \vec{F} \, dr$$
$$= \int_0^{6\pi} \vec{F} \cdot r'(t) \, dt$$
$$= \int_0^{6\pi} -185 + \frac{9t}{6\pi} \, dt$$

## Fundamental Theorem for Line Integrals

$$\int_{C_{AB}} \vec{\nabla} f \cdot dr = f(B) - f(A)$$

Note:

- If  $\vec{F} = \vec{\nabla}f$ , then  $F$  is a conservative vector field, and  $f$  is a potential function.
- If  $\int_{C_{AB}^1} \vec{\nabla}f \cdot dr = \int_{C_{AB}^2} \vec{\nabla}f \cdot dr$  for all paths  $A, B \in D$  and for all curves  $C_{AB}$ , then  $F$  is conservative in  $D$ .
- $\int_{C_{AA}} \vec{\nabla}f \cdot dr = 0$
- If  $F = \langle P(x, y), Q(x, y) \rangle$  and  $\frac{\partial P}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial Q}{\partial x}$ ,  $\frac{\partial^2 P}{\partial y \partial x} = \frac{\partial^2 Q}{\partial x \partial y}$  are continuous, then  $F$  is conservative in  $D$ .
- $D$  is open if and only if for every  $(x_0, y_0) \in D$  there exist  $\epsilon > 0$  such that the distance of radius  $\epsilon$  and  $(x_0, y_0) \in D$ .
- $D$  is connected if and only if for every  $A, B \in D$  there exist  $C_{AB} \subset D$ .
- $D$  is simply connected if and only if it is connected and every  $C_{AA} \subset D$  has interior  $C_{AA} \subset D$ .

You can find all my notes at <http://omgimanerd.tech/notes>. If you have any questions, comments, or concerns, please contact me at [alvin@omgimanerd.tech](mailto:alvin@omgimanerd.tech)