University Physics 1A

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Kinematic Equations Review

Bob drops a ball from rest out the window of a building. At the very same instant Phyllis releases a ball upward with an initial speed fo 11.0m/s from a point 20.0m directly below Bob.

$$d = x_{\circ} + v_{\circ}t + \frac{1}{2}at^{2}$$

$$d = 0 + 11t + \frac{1}{2}at^{2} = 20 + 0t + \frac{1}{2}at^{2}$$

$$11t = 20$$

$$t = \frac{20}{11}$$

The balls collided at time $t = \frac{20}{11}s$.

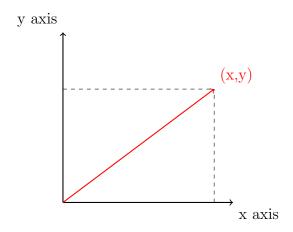
$$d = 20 + 0t + \frac{1}{2}(-9.81)t^{2}$$
$$= 20 - \frac{1}{2}(9.81)(\frac{20}{11})^{2}$$
$$\approx 3.77m$$

The balls collided at distance d = 3.77m. Is the ball thrown by Phyllis moving upwards or downward when the collision occurred.

$$v = v_{\circ} + at$$

= 11 + at²
= 11 + (-9.8)($\frac{20}{11}$)
 $\approx -6.8m/s$

2D Kinematics



$$\vec{x} = \text{position vector} = x\hat{i} + y\hat{j}$$

$$\vec{v} = \frac{d\vec{v}}{dt} = \frac{dx}{dt}\hat{i} + \frac{dy}{dt}\hat{j}$$

$$= v_x\hat{i} + v_y\hat{j}$$

$$\vec{a} = \frac{dv_x}{dt}\hat{i} + \frac{dv_y}{dt}\hat{j}$$

Example

Given that the initial velocity is (A, B) at t = 0, find the velocity given:

$$a = (C + Dt^{2}, Et)$$

$$v = (Ct + \frac{1}{2}Dt^{2} + A, \frac{1}{2}Et^{2} + B)$$

Reminders and Homework

Complete the homework on TheExpertTA and WebAssign.

Remember to bring the Activities Manual

You can find all my notes at http://omgimanerd.tech/notes. If you have any questions, comments, or concerns, please contact me at alvin@omgimanerd.tech