

Introduction to Moral Issues: Exam

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Husak on criminalization

1. Section I: Drugs and Health

Husak considers several arguments for the criminalization and gives a number of replies against each of those arguments. Summarize two of the arguments he discusses in that section and at least one reply he gives to each of those arguments.

The first argument for drug criminalization is that they are bad for health, and thus the state has an obligation to protect us from it. Husak begins to address this by first pointing out the counterproductiveness of this method because punishment is being applied to the people that the state is trying to protect (drug users). He points out that this logic is applied to no other health risk. Companies that sell tainted food are punishable by law, but the people who eat the food cannot and should not be punished. Aside from drugs, there are many other public health risks such as unhealthy foods, and it makes no sense to treat the recreational consumption of unhealthy foods as a criminal offense. Husak points out that the intent of this law is to protect the health of drug users, but sending them to prison continues to expose them to drugs and is more hazardous to their health than the drugs themselves.

A second argument for drug criminalization seeks to defend the position that criminalization acts as a deterrent against the use of drugs. Husak points out the weakness of this argument by pointing out the years of drug abuse by millions of Americans despite the existence of criminal drug penalties. Clearly, this argument is weak since it is evidently not true, but also does not account for the fact that the criminalization of illicit drugs does not prevent people from abusing legal drugs. Husak points out that the abuse of tobacco and alcohol lead to far more deaths and negative effects than the usage of drugs.

(Towards the end of this section, Husak argues that if we should criminalize health risks if they are for the purpose of recreation by comparing the pursuit of professional sports to the usage of drugs. It should be noted that this is a false equivalence and a weak counterargument)

2. Section II: Drugs and Children

Summarize two of the arguments in this section against decriminalizing drugs and at least one reply per argument.

One of the arguments against the decriminalization of drugs in this section revolves around the idea that society wants what is best for the children, and “protecting them from the evils of drugs” is in our best interests. Husak responds to this by asking why we stop wanting the best as soon as our children begins to use drugs. No tolerance policies, along with the criminalization of drugs, demonize drug users and seek to prosecute and sentence adolescent drug abusers. If we are concerned for our children, then why do we stop being concerned once they start using drugs? He argues that our concern for child welfare is contrary to the idea of punishing them and that criminalizing drugs is detrimental to child welfare.

No matter what we do, children are bound to get their hands on illicit substances. A second argument Husak addresses is the idea that the criminalization of drugs prevents them from leaking from adults to children. Husak uses this to point out the decriminalization is only with regard to the demand side of the equation in that only drug usage need be decriminalized while drug production and distribution can still be treated as criminal offenses. He points out the statistics of drug acquisition, noting that over 56% of teenagers report drugs as being “easy to obtain”, debunking the effectiveness of drug criminalization in keeping them away from children.

3. From Section III: Drugs and Crime

What is systemic crime? What is Husak’s argument against the view that criminalization decreases systemic crime?

4. From Section III: Drugs and Crime

What is economic crime? Why does Husak believe that legalization might reduce economic crime?

5. From Section III: Drugs and Crime

What is psycho-pharmacological crime? Summarize Husak’s argument about this type of crime and the effects of marijuana, heroine, cocaine, and alcohol?

6. From Section IV: Drugs and Immorality

Choose any argument or statement in this section that called your attention and write a brief assessment of it. For example, explain why you found it relevant (or irrelevant), or weak (or string), convincing (or incomplete) etc. Explain how the author uses the definition you are discussing and explain if you find those definitions useful.