

# Introduction to Cryptography

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## Polynomial Arithmetic

### Finite Fields of the Form $GF(p^m)$

**Galois' Theorem:** An order- $n$  finite field exists if and only if  $n = p^m$  for some prime  $p$  and some positive integer  $m$ .

- $p$  is called the characteristic of this finite field.
- The order of a finite field is its number of elements.
- We use  $GF(p^m)$  or  $\mathbb{F}_{p^m}$  to represent the finite field of order  $p^m$ .
- An order- $n$  finite field is unique (up to isomorphism).
- Addition and multiplication module a prime number  $p$  form a finite field  $\mathbb{Z}_p = GF(p)$ .
- If  $m = 1$ , then  $\mathbb{Z}_p = GF(p)$
- One way to construct a finite field with  $m > 1$  is using the polynomial basis. The field is constructed as a set of  $p^m$  polynomials along with two polynomial operations.

## Polynomial Arithmetic

A polynomial  $f(x)$  is a mathematical expression of the form:

$$a_n x^n + a_{n-1} x^{n-1} + \cdots + a_0$$

The highest exponent of  $x$  is the degree of the polynomial.  $a_n, a_{n-1}, \dots, a_0$  are called coefficients. We can add, subtract, multiply, and divide polynomials. AES is a byte oriented cipher where 1 byte can be represented as a 7th degree polynomial.

All arithmetic can be done in the Galois field  $GF(2^8)$ . If a polynomial is divisible only by itself and constants, then we call this polynomial an irreducible polynomial.  $gcd(a(x), b(x))$  is the polynomial of maximum degree that divides both  $a(x)$  and  $b(x)$ . Similar to integers, you can do modular arithmetic with polynomials over a field. Now the operands and modulus are polynomials.

### Polynomial Arithmetic Modulo $(x^3 + x + 1)$

Over addition:

+	0	1	$x$	$x+1$	$x^2$	$x^2+1$	$x^2+x$	$x^2+x+1$
0	0	1	$x$	$x+1$	$x^2$	$x^2+1$	$x^2+x$	$x^2+x+1$
1	1	0	$x+1$	$x$	$x^2+1$	$x^2$	$x^2+x+1$	$x^2+x$
$x$	$x$	$x+1$	0	1	$x^2+x$	$x^2+x+1$	$x^2$	$x^2+1$
$x+1$	$x+1$	$x$	1	0	$x^2+x+1$	$x^2+x$	$x^2+1$	$x^2$
$x^2$	$x^2$	$x^2+1$	$x^2+x$	$x^2+x+1$	0	1	$x$	$x+1$
$x^2+1$	$x^2+1$	$x^2$	$x^2+x+1$	$x^2+x$	1	0	$x+1$	$x$
$x^2+x$	$x^2+x$	$x^2+x+1$	$x^2$	$x^2+1$	$x$	$x+1$	0	1
$x^2+x+1$	$x^2+x+1$	$x^2+x$	$x^2+1$	$x^2$	$x+1$	$x$	1	0

Over multiplication:

$\times$	0	1	$x$	$x+1$	$x^2$	$x^2+1$	$x^2+x$	$x^2+x+1$
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	1	$x$	$x+1$	$x^2$	$x^2+1$	$x^2+x$	$x^2+x+1$
$x$	0	$x$	$x^2$	$x^2+x$	$x+1$	1	$x^2+x+1$	$x^2+1$
$x+1$	0	$x+1$	$x^2+x$	$x^2+1$	$x^2+x+1$	$x^2$	1	$x$
$x^2$	0	$x^2$	$x+1$	$x^2+x+1$	$x^2+x$	$x$	$x^2+1$	1
$x^2+1$	0	$x^2+1$	1	$x^2$	$x$	$x^2+x+1$	$x+1$	$x^2+x$
$x^2+x$	0	$x^2+x$	$x^2+x+1$	1	$x^2+1$	$x+1$	$x$	$x^2$
$x^2+x+1$	0	$x^2+x+1$	$x^2+1$	$x$	1	$x^2+x$	$x^2$	$x+1$

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